Formal Assessment

People and Places

Part 1: Main Ideas (4 points each)
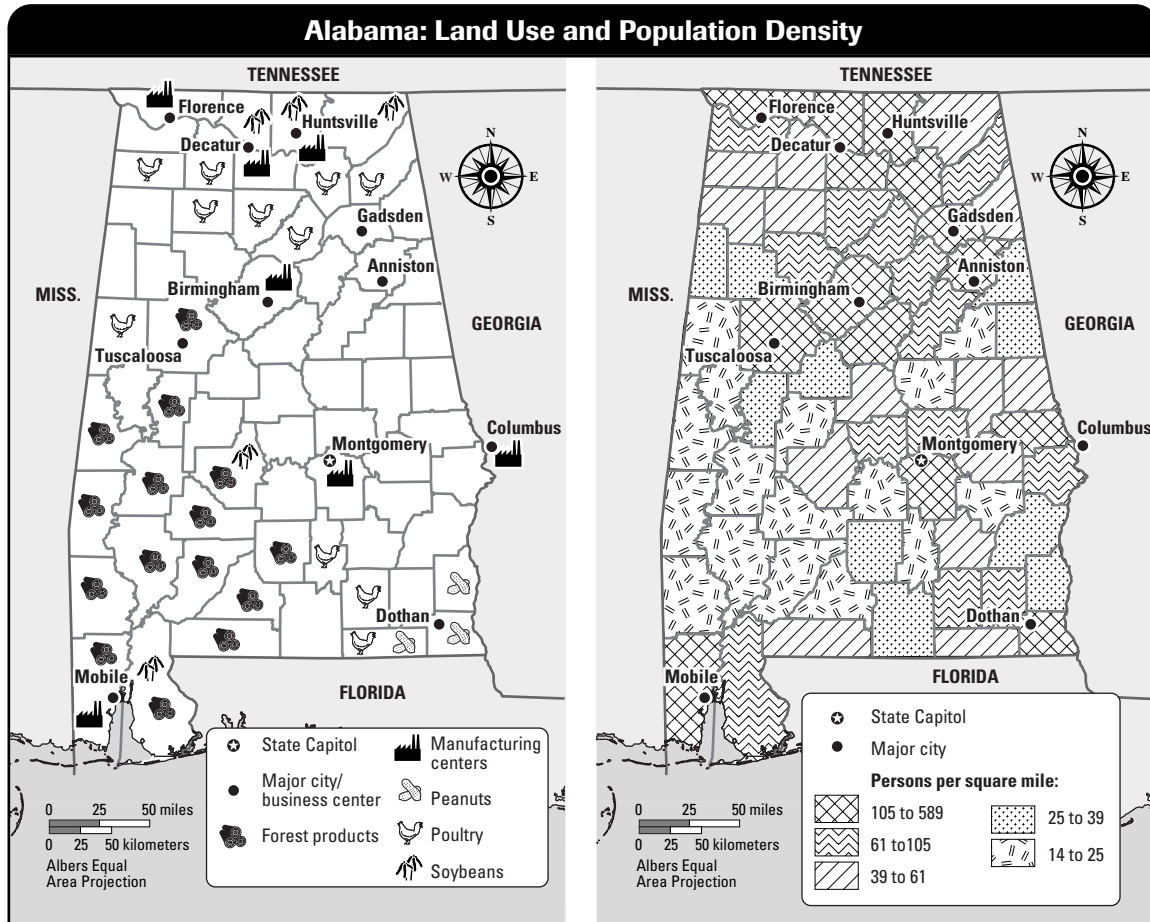
In the spaces provided, write the letter of the term that best answers each question.

    a. innovation
    b. diffusion
    c. acculturation
    d. population density
    e. carrying capacity
     f. market economy
    g. command economy
    h. GNP
     i. GDP
    j. infrastructure

_____ 1. What term is used to refer to the basic support systems that a nation
              needs to keep its economy running smoothly?

_____ 2. What term refers to the creation, or invention, of a new system to
              fulfill a societal need?

_____ 3. What is an economic system in which production of goods and
              services is determined by demand from consumers?

_____ 4. What term refers to the number of organisms a piece of land can
              support?

_____ 5. What term is used to measure the total annual value of all goods and
              services produced within the boundaries of a nation?

_____ 6. What term refers to the spread of ideas, inventions, or patterns of
              behavior between and among societies?

_____ 7. What term refers to the average number of people who live in a
              measurable area, such as a square mile?

_____ 8. What is an economic system in which the government plans and
              determines the production of goods and services?

_____ 9. What term refers to one society's acceptance and adoption of a
              custom or innovation created by another society?

_____ 10. What term is used to measure the total annual value of all goods and
              services produced by a nation's businesses and industries?

Part 3: Interpreting Graphs (4 points each)
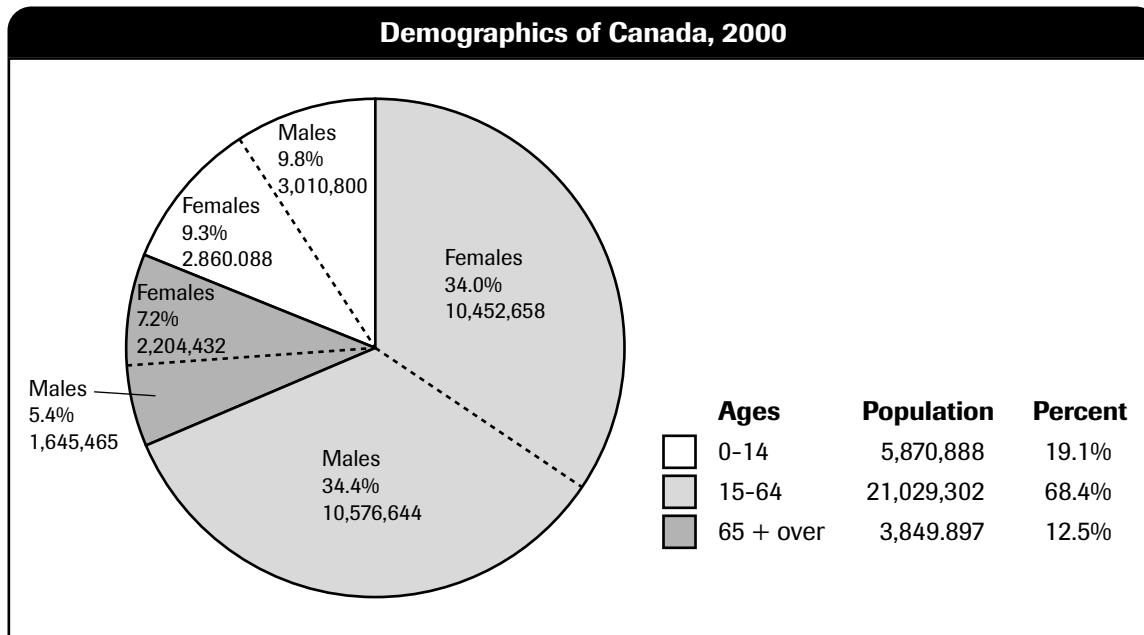
Use the graph to answer the questions that follow. Write the letter of the best answer in the space provided.

Demographics of Canada, 2000

Ages	Population	Percent
0-14	5,870,888	19.1%
15-64	21,029,302	68.4%
65 + over	3,849.897	12.5%

Pie chart labels:
- Males 9.8% 3,010,800
- Females 9.3% 2.860.088
- Females 7.2% 2,204,432
- Males 5.4% 1,645,465
- Females 34.0% 10,452,658
- Males 34.4% 10,576,644

SOURCE: Statistics Canada

_____ 16. Which is the largest population group in Canada?
a. males aged 15 to 64
b. females aged 15 to 64
c. females aged 65 and over
d. all children aged 0 to 14

_____ 17. What is the smallest population group in Canada?
a. males aged 0 to 14
b. females aged 0 to 14
c. males aged 65 and over
d. females aged 65 and over

_____ 18. Which statement about the population of Canada is accurate?
a. There are more female children than male children.
b. There are more people aged 14 and under than there are people aged 65 and over.
c. In the 15–64 years group, women outnumber men.
d. There are more females over the age of 64 than there are under the age of 15.

_____ 19. Which of the following statements about the population of Canada is NOT accurate?
a. There almost 4 million people over the age of 64.
b. About one-third of the people in Canada are females aged 15 to 64.
c. In general, Canadian females live longer than Canadian males.
d. There are about twice as many females aged 0 to 64 as there are aged 65 and over.

_____ 20. About how many males in Canada are aged 15 and up?
a. about 12 million
b. about 23 million
c. about 12,000
d. about 23,000

Part 4: Extended Response (10 points each)

For each of the following questions, write a one-paragraph answer on the lines
provided. If you need more space to write, use your own paper.

21. Making Generalizations What factors help to create a nation's sense of unity and
patriotism?

Think about:
- language
- culture
- economic systems and goals
- government

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22. Seeing Patterns What does the rate of natural increase measure, and how is it
computed? What factors would lead to a rise in the rate of natural increase?

Think about:
- birthrate
- mortality rate
- fertility rate

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